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Put into perspective

Ahead of the mainstream

April 2019

Written by Bruno Schneller, CAIA & Miranda Ademaj

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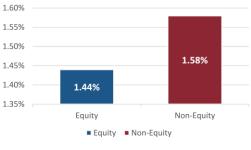


"Amateurs bet the farm. Pros milk the cows." – Anonymous



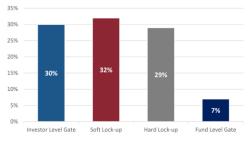
HEDGE FUNDS

Management fees by strategy



Seward & Kissel

Hedge fund liquidity terms



Seward & Kissel

Total return performance by style



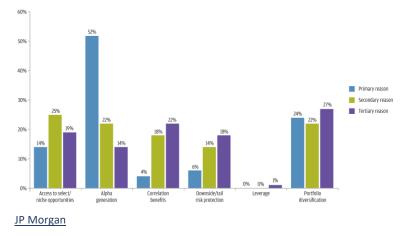
Credit Suisse

Hedge fund alpha is reducing on an absolute and risk adjusted basis



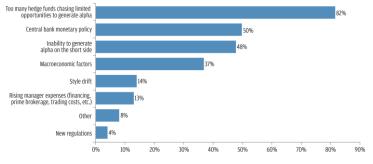
Willis Towers Watson





Breakdown of top three reasons for investing in a hedge fund

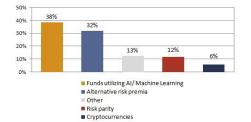
Main reason for hedge funds underperforming broader market



JP Morgan

Hedge fund investors have a strong appetite for funds that incorporate AI and machine learning

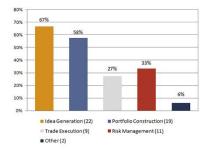
Which, if any, of the newer hedge fund investment strategies listed below are you most considering allocating to or implementing in 2019?



BarclayHedge

Hedge fund pros are not turning everything over to the algorithms

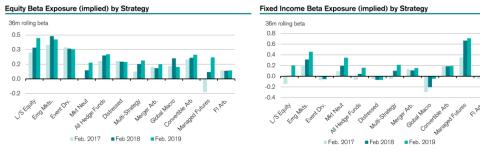
Which part of your investment process is driven by an application of machine learning techniques? (Check all that apply.)







Positioning: Beta exposure



Credit Suisse

Breakdown of systemic risks

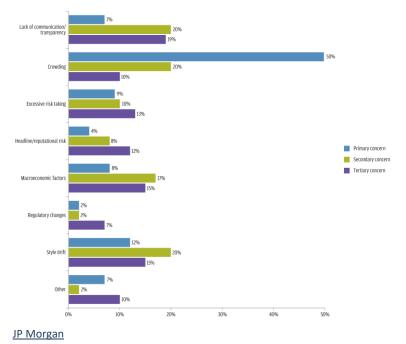






Credit Suisse

Breakdown of top 3 concerns when investing in hedge funds



5



MARKETS

China's economic rebound should stabilize the Eurozone's growth



Pictet Wealth Management (via WSJ's Daily Shot)

A third of Russell 2'000 companies posted negative earnings last quarter, or 27% of market cap

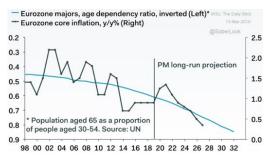


INTL FCStone

US: Economic momentum indicator



A difficult task for a central bank with a 2% CPI target



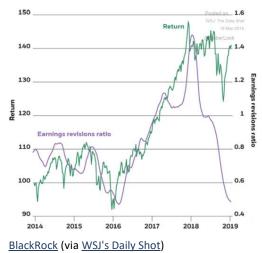
Pantheon Macroeconomics (via WSJ's Daily Shot)



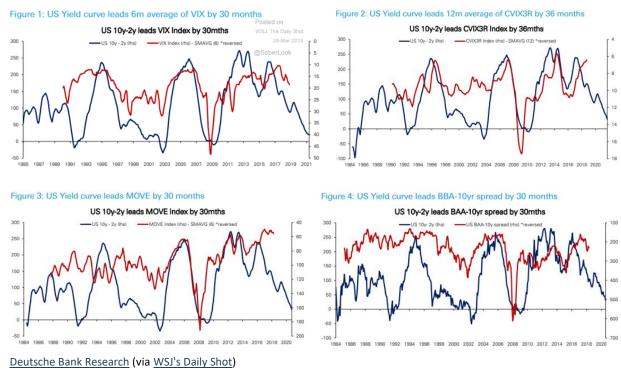
Morgan Stanley's earnings indicator points to further weakness in profit growth



Global equities return and earnings revisions ratio, 2014-2019



The yield curve leads key market risk indicators by 30-36 months

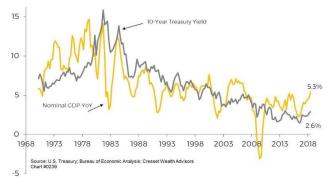




The Fed's reaction function to wages has been clear



10-year treasury yield vs nominal GDP

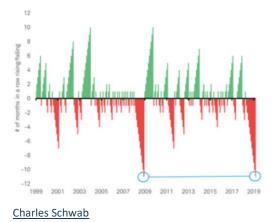


Cresset Capital Management

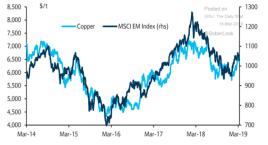
Euro area PMI points to ECB easing



Longest losing global PMI streak since Global Financial Crisis?



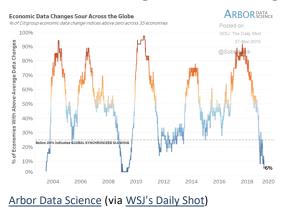




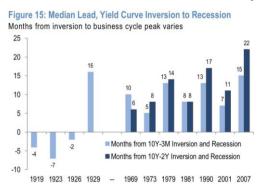
Copper tends to be correlated with EM equities

Barclays Research (via WSJ's Daily Shot)

Economic data changes sour across the globe



Months from inversion to business cycle peak varies



JP Morgan (via YahooFinance)

The trend in interest payments as a share of household spending is worrying





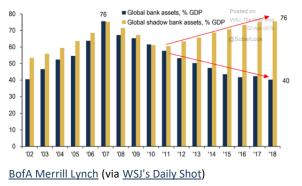


US companies have been shifting into defensive mode



Macro Ops (via WSJ's Daily Shot)

Shadow bank assets as % GDP at record highs

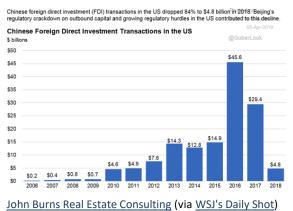


Liquidity in E-mini S&P 500 futures remains at levels close to those last seen in the 2008 financial crisis



The Wall Street Journal

Chinese foreign direct investment transactions in the US





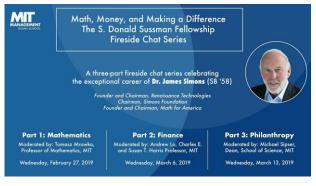
Video of the month

Math, money, and making a difference

MIT alumnus James Simons is a mathematician and founder of the highly quantitative investment firm Renaissance Technologies where he served as CEO for over 30 years before becoming board chair.

Simons also serves as chairman of the Simons Foundation, an organization dedicated to advancing the frontiers of research in mathematics and the basic sciences, and is the founder and chairman of Math for America, a nonprofit organization with a mission to significantly improve math education in our nation's public schools.

His most influential research involved the discovery and application of certain geometric measurements, now called the Chern-Simons Invariants, which have wide use, particularly in theoretical physics. Simons was selected to be the recipient of this fellowship for his remarkable contributions to the quantitative investment field, as well as his work in mathematics and his active support for fundamental scientific research.

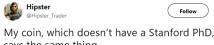


Follow

Click to watch

MIT Sloan Finance Group

Tweet of the month



says the same thing ECONOMY | FEDERAL RESERVE, MONETARY POL ALL

Fed's Bostic Warns **Rates Can Go Up or Down From Here**

10:03 AM - 23 Mar 2019

21 Retweets 207 Likes 🚳 🎨 🚱 🍓 🚱 🥐 🗊 🌚 🏟

Hipster Trader

Joke of the month

"An economist is like a man who knows 364 ways of making love, but doesn't know any women." - Geoffrey Howe

Cartoon of the month







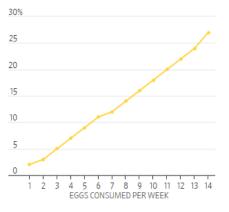
THINK TANK

Top 10 Most Obese Countries in the World (excluding small island countries) 40.0% Female Obesity Male Obesity 35.0% 30.0% 25.0% 20.0% 15.0% 10.0% 5.0% 0.0% C* Egypt: Lebanon: 32% 32% Libya: 35.1% Jordan: 32.5% Turkey: 32.1% UAE: 31.7% USA: 36.2% Saudi Arabia: Kuw 37.

Eight out of the top ten most obese nations are middle eastern

Simon Kuestenmacher

Incident rate of developing cardiovascular disease from eating eggs



The Wall Street Journal

Half of insider-trading defendants net less than USD 60,000

Friendly Tips

Many of the people accused of insider trading are friends and family of company employees who were close to market-moving details.

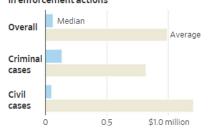
Background of defendants

in insider-trading cases Friends and family: 38%



The Wall Street Journal

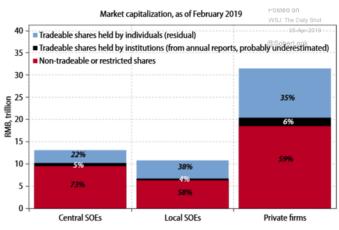
Alleged insider-trading profits in enforcement actions



Note: 465 defendants in cases from 2011 to 2015 Source: Michael Perino, St. John's University School of Law



A majority of China's stocks are not freely traded

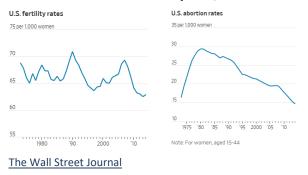


Gavekal (via WSJ's Daily Shot)

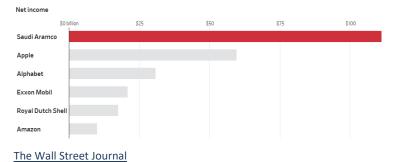
The average age of listed US stocks has risen significantly over the past couple of decades



The number of live births per 1,000 women of reproductive age has declined as has the rate of abortion

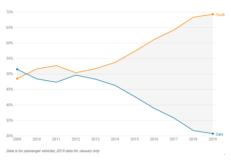


Billion Dollar profits: Saudi Aramco's net income last year dwarfed some of the biggest US firms





Share of US vehicle registrations

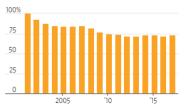


<u>Recode</u>

Falling short

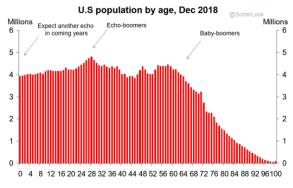
U.S. public pensions on average have less than three quarters of what they need to fulfill pension promises, after years of banking on rosy investment returns and skimping on pension contributions.

Pension assets as a percent of liabilities



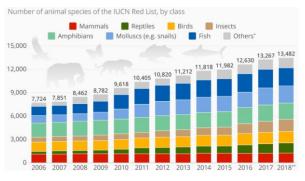
The Wall Street Journal

There are 4.6m 28-year olds in the US, more than any other age group



Deutsche Bank Research (via WSJ's Daily Shot)

The number of threatened species is rising



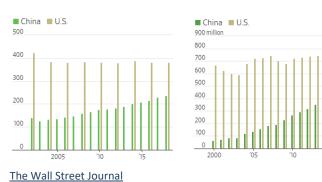




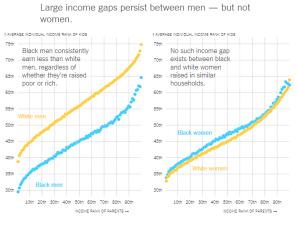
China will soon be the world's biggest aviation market



Number of air passengers[†]

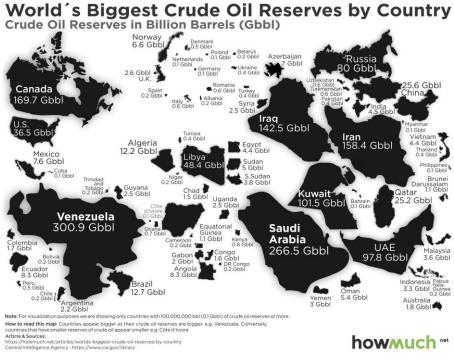


Extensive data shows punishing reach of racism for black boys



The New York Times

Which countries have the biggest crude oil reserves?

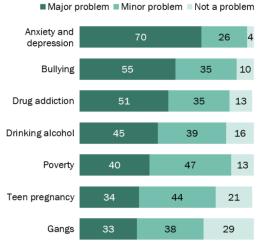


HowMuch.net



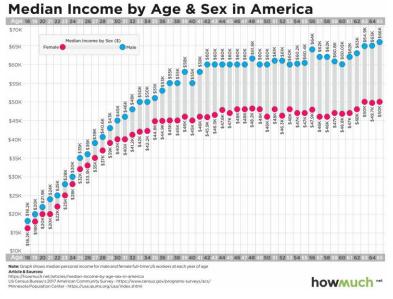
Most US teens see anxiety and depression as a major problem among their peers

% of teens saying each of the following is a _____ among people their age in the community where they live



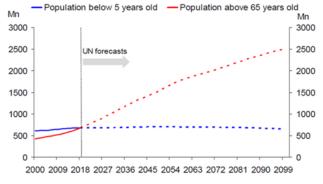
Pew Research Center

The gender pay gap only gets worse with age



HowMuch.net

For the first time ever there are now more people in the world older than 65 than younger than 5



Deutsche Bank Research



TIME OUT

The twenty craziest investing facts ever

1. Since 1916, the Dow has made new all-time highs less than 5% of all days, but over that time it's up 25,568%. *95% of the time you're underwater. The less you look the better off you'll be.*

2. The Dow has compounded at less than 3 basis points a day since 1970. Since then it's up more than 3,000%. *Compounding really is magic.*

3. The Dow has only been positive 52% of all days. The average daily return is 0.73% when it's up and -0.76% when it's down. *See above.*

4. The Dow has spent more time 40% or more below the highs than within 2% of the highs (20.6% of days vs. 18.4% of days) *No pain no gain.*

5. The Dow gained 38 points in the 1970s *See above.*

6. Why am I using the Dow instead of the S&P 500? They're effectively the same thing. The rolling one-year correlation since 1970 is .95. *Stop wasting your time on this.*

7. At the low in 2009, US stocks were back to where they were in 1996. *Stocks for the long-run. The very long-run. Usually. Sometimes.*

8. At the low in 2009, Japanese stocks were back to where they were in 1980. *See above.*

9. US one-month treasury bills went 68 years with a negative real return. *What's safe in the short-run can be risky in the long-run.*

10. At the bottom in 2009, long-term US government bonds outperformed the stock market over the previous 40 years *Stocks generally outperform bonds, but there are no guarantees.*

11. Gold and the Dow were both 800 in 1980. Today gold is \$1,300/ounce, the Dow is near 26k.

Cash flows > commodities.

12. Over the last twenty years, gold is up 340%. Stocks are up 208%, with dividends. *You can support any argument by changing the start and end dates.*

13. Since 1980, gold is up 153%. Inflation is up 230%.

See above.

14. <u>CTAs</u> gained 14% in 2008 when stocks lost 37%. Since 2009 they're up 2.5%. Stocks are up 282%.

Non-correlation cuts both ways.

15. If you had invested from 1960-1980 and beaten the market by 5% each year, you would have made less money than if you had invested from 1980-2000 and underperformed the market by 5% a year (<u>a Nicky Numbers Special</u>) When you were born > almost everything else.

16. The Dow lost 17% in 1929, 34% in 1930, 53% in 1931 and 23% in 1932. *Be grateful.*

17. Warren Buffett is the greatest investor of all-time. In the 20 months leading up to the dotcom peak, Berkshire Hathaway lost 45% of its value. The NASDAQ 100 gained 225% over the same time.

No pain no premium.

18. Only <u>47.7% of stocks</u> generated a life-time return that match one-month treasury bills. The reason why so many mutual funds fail to beat the market is because so many stocks fail to beat the market.

19. Dow <u>earnings were cut in half</u> in 1908. The index gained 46%. The stock market \neq the economy.

20. In 1949 the stock market was trading at 6.8x earnings and had a 7.5% dividend yield. 50 years later it reached a high of 30x earnings and carried just a 1% dividend yield.

You can calculate everything yet still not know how investors are going to feel.

The Irrelevant Investor

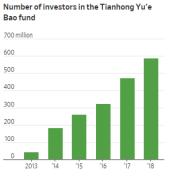


BofA finds the secret recipe how to consistently beat the market

Chart 6: Buying the 10 most underweight stocks and selling the 10 most overweight stocks by active funds has generated alpha in the past years with the exception of 2017

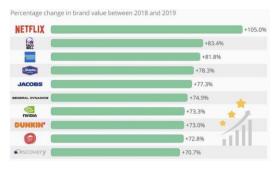


More than a third of China is now invested in one giant mutual fund



The Wall Street Journal

Netflix is the fastest-growing brand in the US



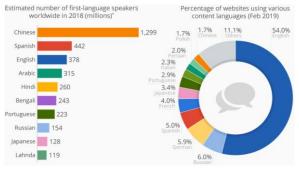
<u>Statista</u>

The most expensive divorces in history



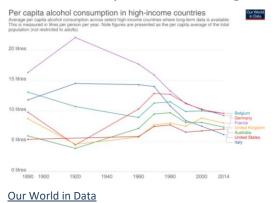


Two worlds: Languages IRL and online



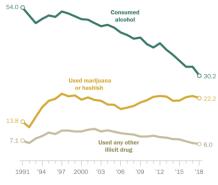
<u>Statista</u>

Alcohol consumption over the long-term



Alcohol use drops among youth, but marijuana use largely steady

% of 12th-graders who have ____ in the past 30 days



Pew Research Center

The growing economic power of autocracies





Bruno Schneller, CAIA



Bruno Schneller is the co-founder and CIO of Skënderbeg Investment Management AG. Prior to establishing the company, Bruno worked at investment boutique and fund of hedge funds pioneer BrunnerInvest AG.

Prior to BrunnerInvest AG, Bruno worked at AXA Private Equity in 2007 and at Zurich-based hedge fund Naissance Capital Ltd. in 2006.



in LinkedIn profile

Miranda Ademaj

Miranda Ademaj is the cofounder and CEO of Skënderbeg Investment Management AG.

Prior to establishing the company, Miranda worked at BrunnerInvest AG and Sallfort Privatbank AG. Before that, she worked at Credit Suisse for several years.



About us

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